Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marathwada University Aurangabad Syllabus for Ph.D. Entrance Test (PET) 2016 Under Faculty of Engineering & Technology Subject: Electrical Engineering

Section - A: Research Methodology

Unit-I

Objectives of Research, Research Approaches, Significance of Research, Types of Research, Research Process, Criteria of Good Research, Defining the Research Problem, Selecting the Problem, Technique Involved in Defining a Problem, Methods and Tools in Research, Qualitative and Quantitative Studies, Inquiry Forms, Questionnaire, Developing a Research Plan, Literature review, Use of Library, Books and Journals, Use of Internet (Different useful sites), Patent Search

Unit-II

Data analysis, Types of data, Parametric and Non-parametric Data, Basic Concepts of Probability, Probability Axioms, Analysis and Treatment of Data, Measures of Central Tendency, Measures of Dispersions, Measures of Symmetry, Measures of Peakedness.

Unit-III

Regression Analysis – Simple Linear Regression, Multiple linear Regression, Correlation and Regression Analysis, Tests of Hypothesis and Goodness of Fit: Definition of null and alternative hypothesis, students 't' distribution, Chi-square distribution, F-test

Unit-IV

Interpretation and Report Writing: Meaning of Interpretation, Techniques of Interpretation, Significance of Report Writing, Steps in Writing Report, Layout of the Research Report, Types of Reports, Oral Presentation, Parts of Dissertation/Thesis writing, Different Styles of Dissertation/Thesis writing

Unit-V

Sources of procurement of Research Grants, Development of Research Proposal, Industry Institute Interaction, Writing a technical paper, Plagiarism and its Implications.

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Section - B: Electrical Engineering

Unit-I: Electrical Engineering

Electric Circuits

Network graph, KCL, KVL, Node and Mesh analysis, Transient response of dc and ac networks, Sinusoidal steady-state analysis, Resonance, Passive filters, Ideal current and voltage sources, Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem, Superposition theorem, Maximum power transfer theorem, Two-port networks, Three phase circuits, Power and power factor in ac circuits.

Electromagnetic Fields

Coulomb's Law, Electric Field Intensity, Electric Flux Density, Gauss's Law, Divergence, Electric field and potential due to point, line, plane and spherical charge distributions, Effect of dielectric medium, Capacitance of simple configurations, Biot-Savart's law, Ampere's law, Curl, Faraday's law, Lorentz force, Inductance, Magnetomotive force, Reluctance, Magnetic circuits, Self and Mutual inductance of simple configurations.

Electrical and Electronic Measurements

Bridges and Potentiometers, Measurement of voltage, current, power, energy and power factor; Instrument transformers, Digital voltmeters and multimeters, Phase, Time and Frequency measurement; Oscilloscopes, Error analysis.

Signals and Systems

Representation of continuous and discrete-time signals, Shifting and scaling operations, Linear Time Invariant and Causal systems, Fourier series representation of continuous periodic signals, Sampling theorem, Applications of Fourier Transform, Laplace Transform and z-Transform.

Unit-II: Electrical Machines

Single phase transformer: equivalent circuit, phasor diagram, open circuit and short circuit tests, regulation and efficiency; Three phase transformers: connections, parallel operation; Auto-transformer, Electromechanical energy conversion principles, DC machines: separately excited, series and shunt, motoring and generating mode of operation and their characteristics, starting and speed control of dc motors; Three phase induction motors: principle of operation, types, performance, torque-speed characteristics, no-load and blocked rotor tests, equivalent circuit, starting and speed control; Operating principle of single phase induction motors; Synchronous machines: cylindrical and salient pole machines, performance, regulation and parallel operation of generators, starting of synchronous motor, characteristics; Types of losses and efficiency calculations of electric machines.

Unit-III: Power Systems

Power generation concepts, ac and dc transmission concepts, Models and performance of transmission lines and cables, Series and shunt compensation, Electric field distribution and insulators, Distribution systems, Per-unit quantities, Bus admittance matrix, Gauss-Seidel and Newton-Raphson load flow methods, Voltage and Frequency control, Power factor correction, Symmetrical components, Symmetrical and unsymmetrical fault analysis, Principles of over-current, differential and distance protection; Circuit breakers, System stability concepts, Equal area criterion.

Unit-IV: Control Systems

Mathematical modeling and representation of systems, Feedback principle, transfer function, Block diagrams and Signal flow graphs, Transient and Steady-state analysis of linear time invariant systems, Routh-Hurwitz and Nyquist criteria, Bode plots, Root loci, Stability analysis, Lag, Lead and Lead-Lag compensators; P, PI and PID controllers; State space model, State transition matrix.

Unit-V: Electronics

Analog and Digital Electronics

Characteristics of diodes, BJT, MOSFET; Simple diode circuits: clipping, clamping, rectifiers; Amplifiers: Biasing, Equivalent circuit and Frequency response; Oscillators and Feedback amplifiers; Operational amplifiers: Characteristics and applications; Simple active filters, VCOs and Timers, Combinational and Sequential logic circuits,

Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Schmitt trigger, Sample and hold circuits, A/D and D/A converters, 8085Microprocessor: Architecture, Programming and Interfacing.

Power Electronics

Characteristics of semiconductor power devices: Diode, Thyristor, Triac, GTO, MOSFET, IGBT; DC to DC conversion: Buck, Boost and Buck-Boost converters; Single and three phase configuration of uncontrolled rectifiers, Line commutated thyristor based converters, Bidirectional ac to dc voltage source converters, Issues of line current harmonics, Power factor, Distortion factor of ac to dc converters, Single phase and three phase inverters, Sinusoidal pulse width modulation.